



HAND HYGIENE BASICS

Hand Hygiene Is Key for Prevention

Hand Hygiene

- Is a critical practice for preventing the transmission of pathogens in health care settings.
- Reduces harmful microorganisms on the hands.
- Compliance with hand hygiene practices is routinely used as a clinical performance indicator in healthcare settings.
- Is expected by patients to be performed by all health care personnel.

Why Is Hand Hygiene Important?

Hand Hygiene

- Hands are the most common mode of pathogen transmission.
 - Reduce spread of antimicrobial resistance.
 - Prevent health care-associated infections.



Hand Hygiene

• The term "hand hygiene" includes both handwashing with either plain soap or antimicrobial soap and use of alcohol-based hand rubs that do not require the use of water.





Key Recommendations for Hand Hygiene

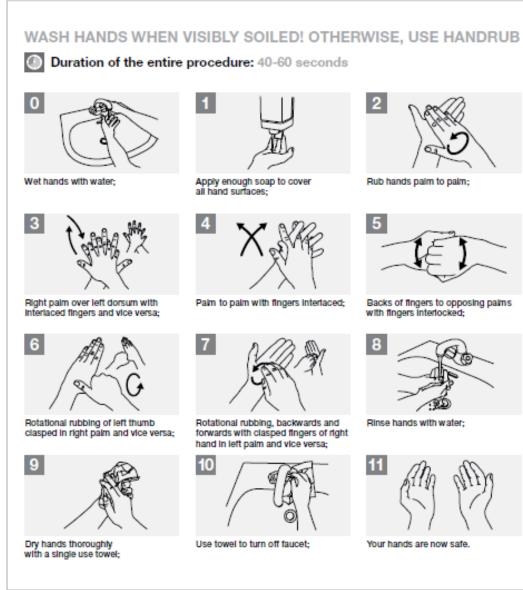
- Perform hand hygiene:
 - Immediately before touching a patient
 - Before applying gloves
 - Before performing an aseptic task (e.g., placing an indwelling device) or handling invasive medical devices
 - Before moving from work on a soiled body site to a clean body site on the same patient
 - After touching a patient or the patient's immediate environment
 - After contact with blood, body fluids, or contaminated surfaces
 - When hands are visibly soiled.
 - Immediately after removing gloves.
- Use soap and water when hands are visibly soiled (e.g., blood, body fluids).
 Otherwise, an alcohol-based hand rub may be used.
 Washington State Department of Health | 5

Hand Washing Technique

- Wet hands with water, apply soap, and rub hands together for at least 20 seconds.
- Rinse hands and dry with a disposable towel.
- Use towel to turn off faucet.



HOW TO HANDWASH?



Using an Alcohol-Based Hand Rub

- Apply to palm of one hand and rub hands together covering all surfaces until dry.
- Use amount recommended by manufacturer's instructions.
- Do not use if hands are visibly soiled.



HOW TO HANDRUB?



Alcohol-Based Preparations



Benefits

- Rapid and effective antimicrobial action.
- Improved skin condition.
- More accessible than sinks

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Limitations

- Cannot be used if hands are visibly soiled.
- Must be stored away from high temperatures or flames.

Special Hand Hygiene Considerations

- Use hand lotions to prevent skin dryness.
- Consider compatibility of hand care products with gloves (e.g., mineral oils and petroleum bases may cause early glove failure).
- Keep fingernails short (< 1/4 inch).
- Avoid artificial nails.
- Avoid hand jewelry that may tear gloves.

Reminders in the Workplace

- Reminders can be used to prompt staff about the importance of hand hygiene.
- Reminders also inform patients about the standard of care they should expect.







HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS



Healthcare providers should protect themselves as well as their patients from infection.



Gloves

- Prevent contamination of healthcare Provider's hands when touching mucous membranes, blood, saliva, or other potentially infectious materials.
- Reduce the likelihood that microorganisms present on the hands of Healthcare Provider will be transmitted to patients during patient care.
- Do not eliminate or replace the need for handwashing.

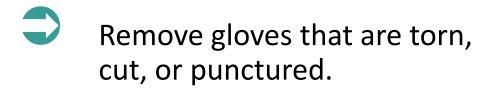


Glove Recommendations

- Wear gloves when contact with blood, saliva, body fluids mucous membranes or other potentially infectious material is possible.
- Wear a new pair of gloves for each patient.
- Remove gloves after patient care **and** perform hand hygiene immediately.



Glove Recommendations





Do not wash, disinfect, or sterilize medical gloves for reuse



Hand Hygiene Competency Validation

Soap & Water Alcohol Based Hand Rub (ABHR) (60% - 95% alcohol content)

Employee Name:

Job Title:

Hand Hygiene with Soap & Water	Competent	
	YES	NO
1. Checks that sink areas are supplied with soap and paper towels		
2. Turns on faucet and regulates water temperature		
3. Wets hands and applies enough soap to cover all surfaces of hands		
 Vigorously rubs hands for at least 20 seconds including palms, back of hands, between fingers, and wrists 		
5. Rinses thoroughly keeping fingertips pointed down		
6. Dries hands and wrists thoroughly with paper towels		
7. Discards paper towel in wastebasket		
8. Uses paper towel to turn off faucet to prevent contamination to clean hands		
Hand Hygiene with ABHR		
9. Applies enough product to adequately cover all surfaces of hands		
 Rubs hands including palms, back of hands, between fingers until all surfaces dry 		
General Observations		
11. Direct care providers—no artificial nails or enhancements		
12. Natural nails are clean, well groomed, and tips less than $^{\prime\prime}$ inch long		
13. Skin is intact without open wounds or rashes		
Comments or follow up actions:		

Resources

https://www.cdc.gov/handhygiene/campaign/index.html

https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/PDF/rr/rr5116.pdf

https://www.cdc.gov/handhygiene/providers/guideline.html

https://www.who.int/gpsc/tools/Five_moments/en/

https://apic.org/resources/topic-specific-infection-prevention/

Questions?



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